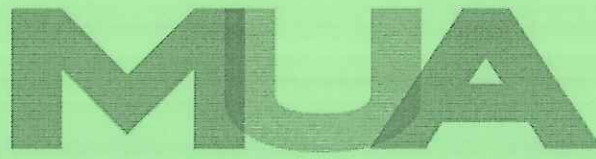


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**UNDERGRADUATE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP**  
**DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS IN DEVELOPMENT STUDIES**

**BDS 205 : GOVERNANCE AND DEVELOPMENT**

**DATE: 3<sup>RD</sup> AUGUST 2018**

**DURATION: 2 HOURS**

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 70**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Write your registration number on the answer booklet.
2. **DO NOT** write on this question paper.
3. This paper contains **SIX (6)** questions.
4. Question **ONE** is compulsory.
5. Answer any other **THREE** questions.
6. Question **ONE** carries **25 MARKS** and the rest carry **15 MARKS** each.
7. Write all your answers in the Examination answer booklet provided.

**QUESTION ONE**

**Read the Case Study below carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

**GOVERNANCE AND TRANSPARENCY**

In any discussion on good governance, attention must be focused on the primary responsibilities of the government. These must include the maintenance of law and order, administration of justice, and welfare of economically and socially weaker sections of society in terms of provision of safety net for them. Here again it is seen that, in its anxiety to do thousand and one other things, these primary responsibilities have been neglected over the years. It can truly be said that he who governs the least governs the best! If this principle had been followed in governance all these years, India would not have presented a picture of such squalor, filth, illiteracy and poverty even fifty years after Independence. The main question is whether we are prepared to learn lessons for the future from our experience of the past.

At the outset, it needs to be appreciated that the concept of good governance is much larger than mere administrative reforms in the conventional sense of the term. In fact, it covers much more ground and substance than administrative reforms. Good governance has much to do with the ethical grounding of governance and must be evaluated with reference to specific norms and objectives as may be laid down. It looks at the functioning of the given segment of the society from the point of view of its acknowledged stakeholders and beneficiaries and customers. It must have firm moorings to certain moral values and principles. Good governance, as a concept, is applicable to all sections of society such as the government, legislature, judiciary, the media, the private sector, the corporate sector, the co-operatives, societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, duly registered trusts, and organizations such as the trade unions and lastly the non-government organizations (NGOs). Public accountability and transparency are as relevant for the one as for the other.

**Required:**

- a) Describe the relationship between governance and transparency (5marks)



- b) From the case above analyze **five** primary responsibilities of the government  
(10marks)
- c) Good governance, as a concept, is applicable to all sections of the society.  
Discuss any **five** players of governance. (10marks)

#### QUESTION TWO

- a) Discuss **five** characteristics of a developed country (10marks)
- b) Assess the role of governance in development (5marks)

#### QUESTION THREE

- a) Explain **five** principles of local governance (10marks)
- b) Identify **five** benefits of participation in development (5marks)

#### QUESTION FOUR

- a) Discuss **five** benefits of public private partnership (10marks)
- b) Describe Merit-Versus Ideology in reference to 'majority rule' based democracy (5marks)

#### QUESTION FIVE

- a) Analyze **five** benefits of effective contract management (10marks)
- b) Enumerate **five** potential benefits of a Devolved Government (5marks)

#### QUESTION SIX

- a) Civic engagement as a concept has much in common with social accountability, but is not synonymous with it. Assess (10marks)
- b) Discuss environmental scanning in relation to risk management (5marks)

